Sloan Digital Sky Survey

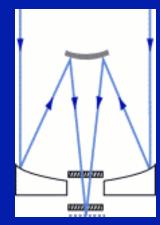
Dr. Rich Kron

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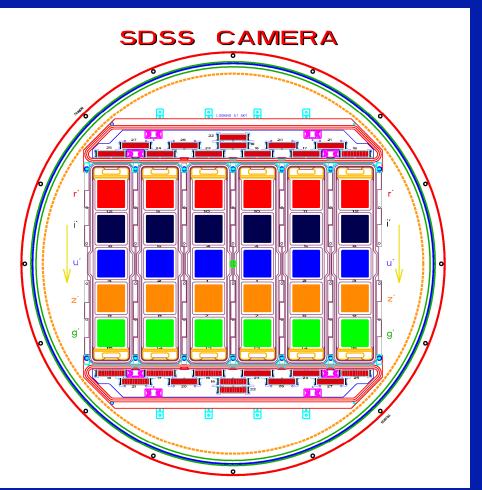
December 7, 2002

The Telescope

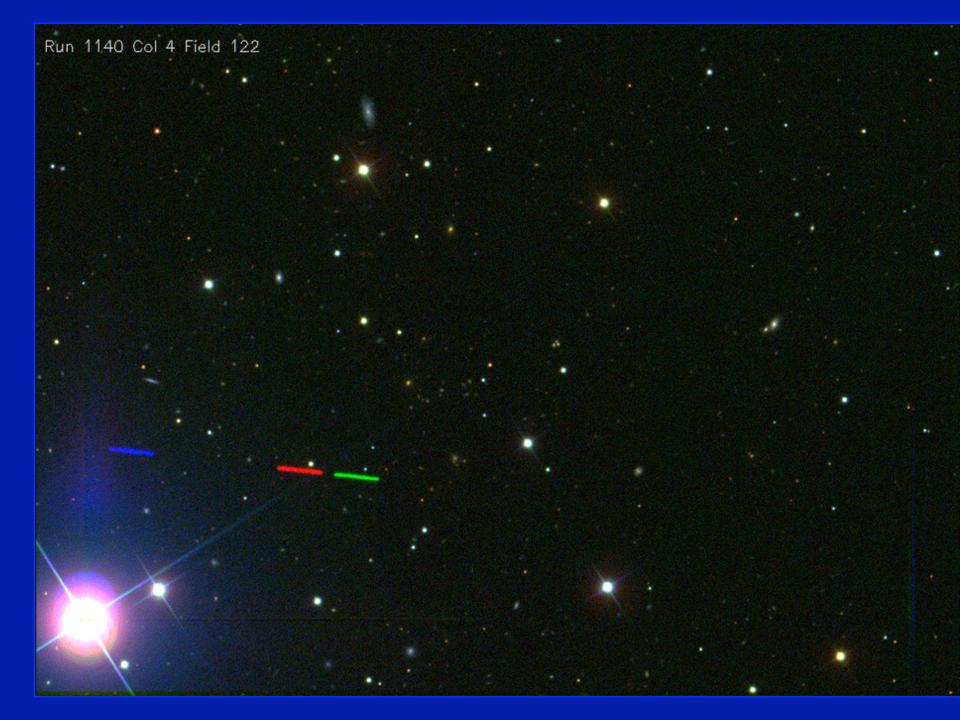
- 2.5-m f/5 reflector
- 3 degree field-of-view
- Camera and spectrograph
- Apache Point Observatory New Mexico



The Camera



- Drift Scanning
 - 30 CCDs
 - 2048 x 2048 pixels
 - Arranged in 6 columns
- Five rows for 5 filters: u, g, r, i, z
- 54-second exposure in each filter
- +/- 0.02 mag
- +/- 60 milli-arcsec





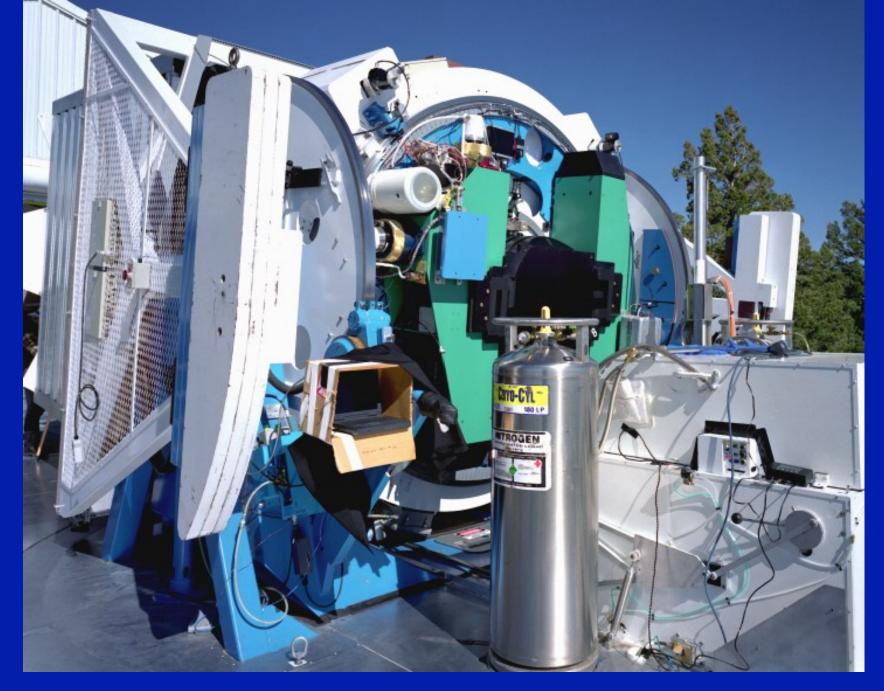




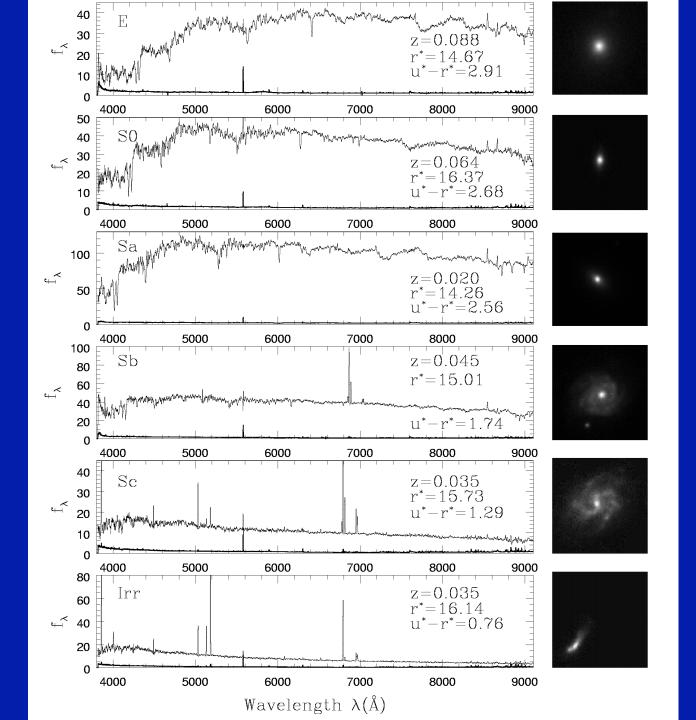
The Spectrographs

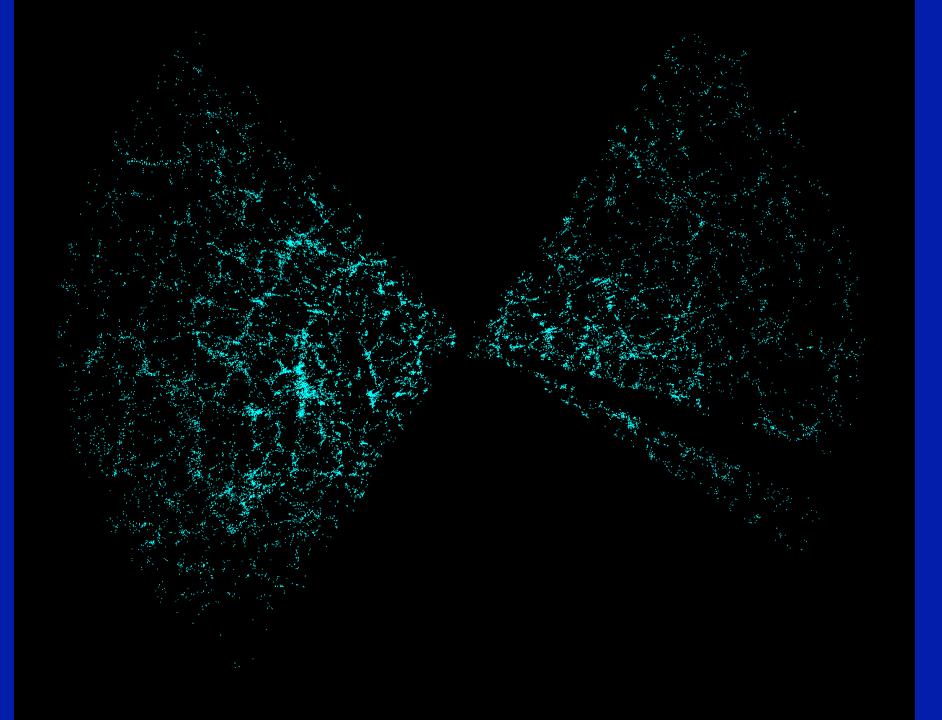
- Two fiber-fed spectrographs
- Each records 320 spectra simultaneously
- 60-minute exposures
- Redshifts, spectral types, physical characteristics
- +/- 30 km sec⁻¹

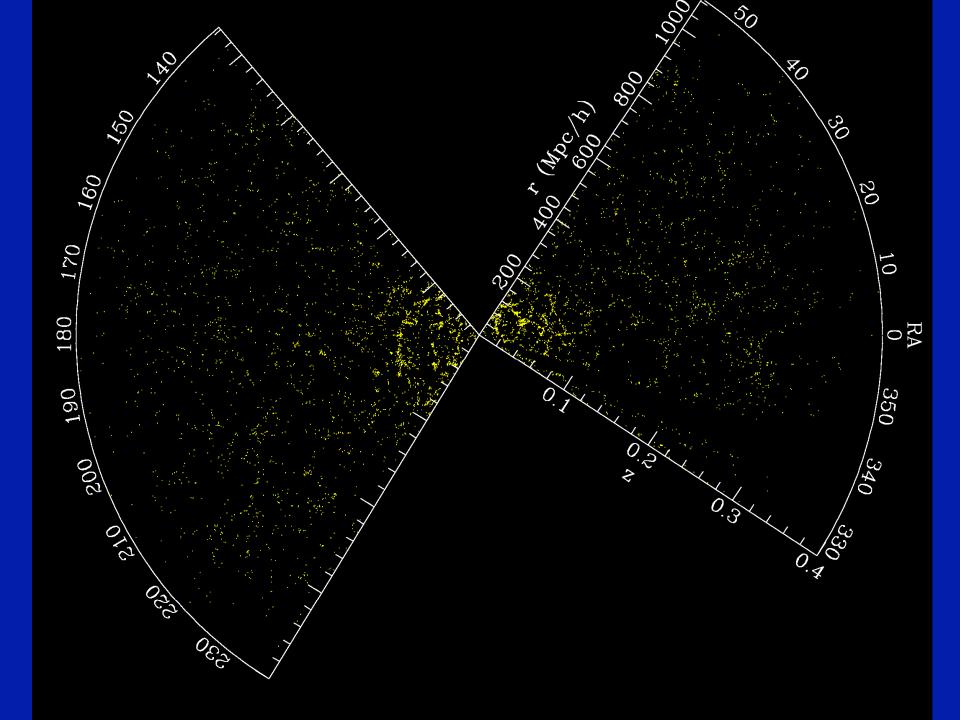


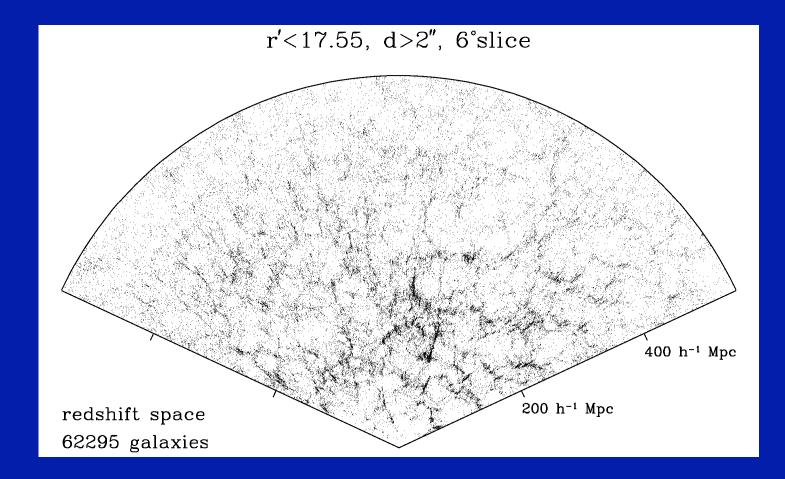


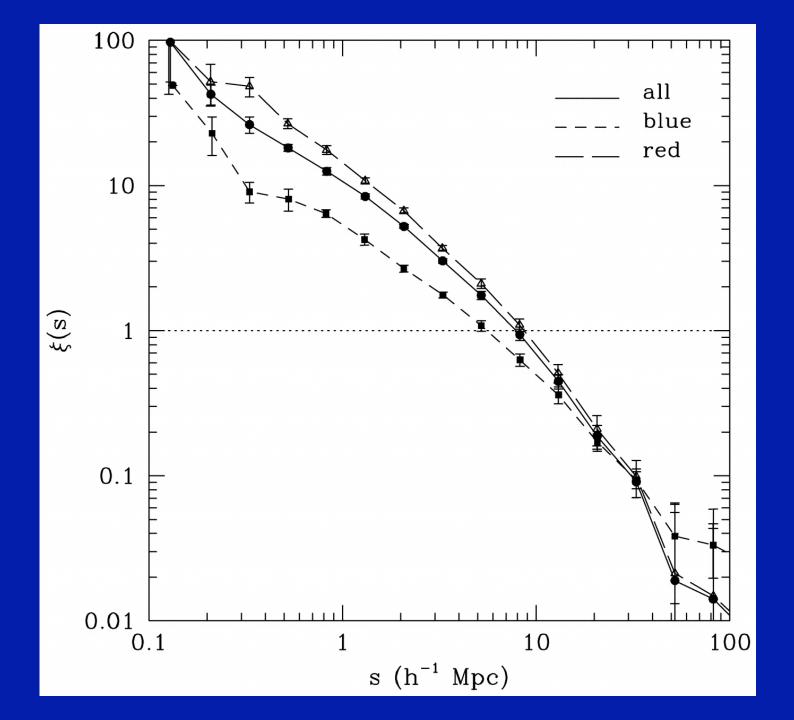
The telescope bottom, showing the spectrographs (green boxes).



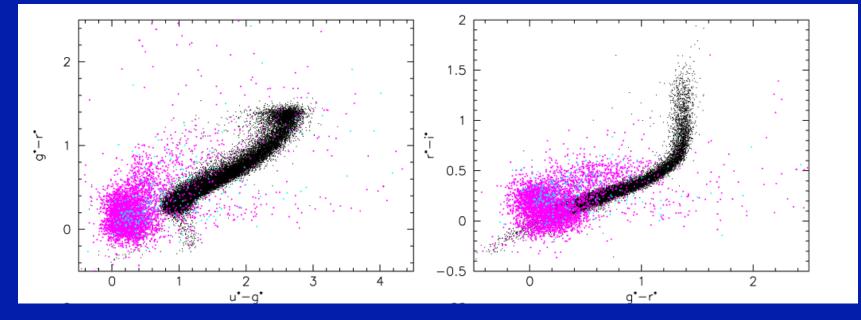








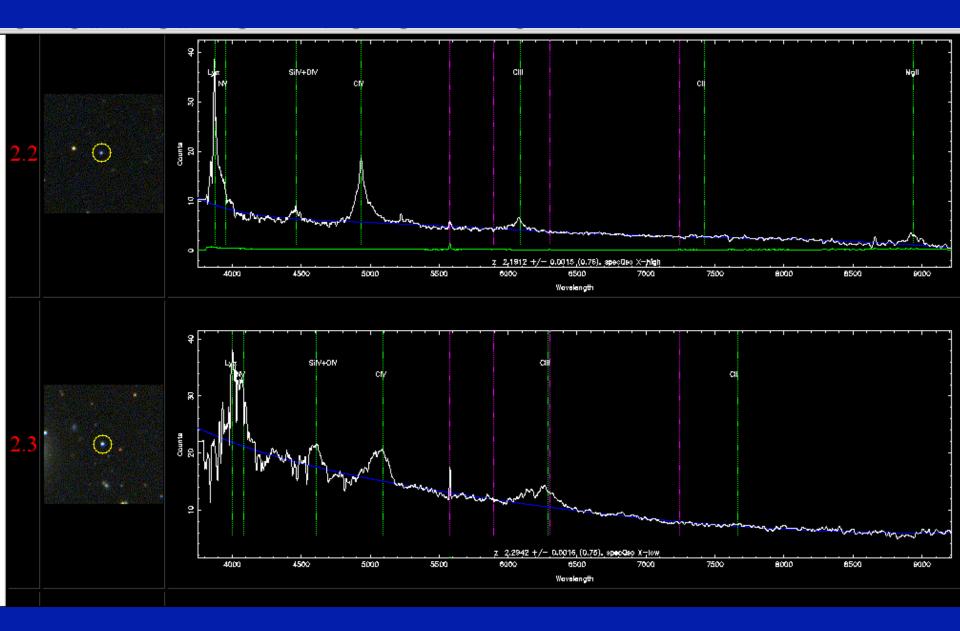
Selecting Quasars by Colors

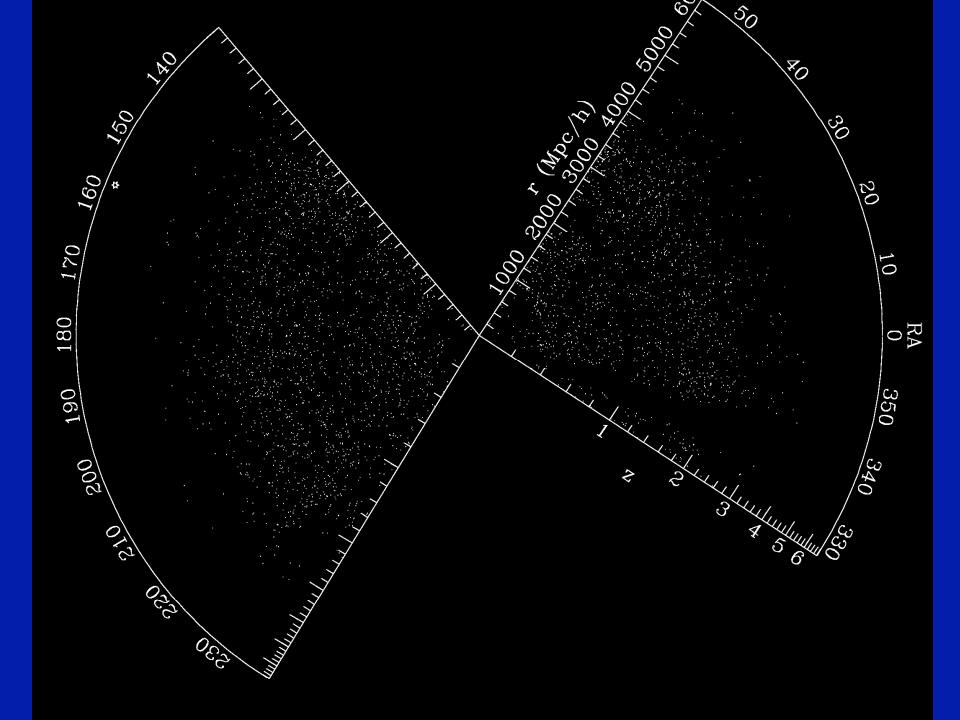


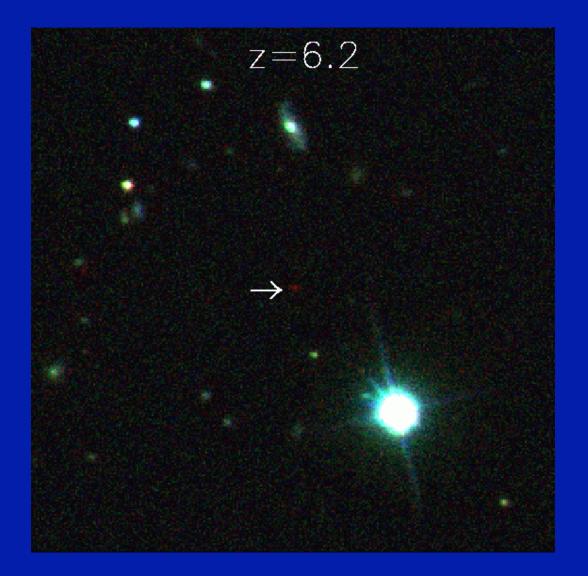
Key: * quasars

* BAL quasars

* main sequence stars







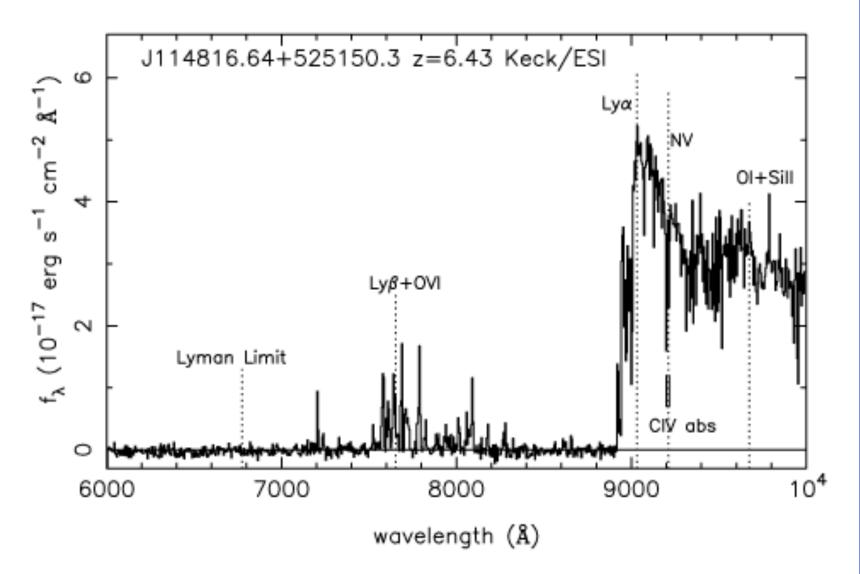


Fig. 6.— A Keck/ESI spectrum of J1148+5251. It is a 3 hour exposure under very marginal conditions (extinction > 1 magnitude). The spectrum is binned to 2Å/pixel, and is flux-calibrated to match the SDSS z photometry. Note a strong CIV doublet absorber at ~ 9200Å (z = 4.95). Also note a complete Gunn-Peterson trough on the blue side of the Ly α emission where no flux is detected (see Fan et al. 2002b).

